

How to use memcpy with interface array arguments

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| version | 1.1.1 |
| scope | Example. This code is provided as example code for a user to base their code on. |
| description | How to use memcpy with interface array arguments |
| boards | Unless otherwise specified, this example runs on the SliceKIT Core Board, but can easily be run on any XMOS device by using a different XN file. |

Interface functions can take array arguments like normal functions:

```
interface my_interface {
    void fill_buffer(int buf[n], unsigned n);
};
```

At the server end of the interface, the `memcpy` in `string.h` can be used to copy local data to the remote array. This will be converted into an efficient inter-task copy.

```
void task2(server interface my_interface c)
{
    int data[5] = {1,2,3,4,5};
    select {
        case c.fill_buffer(int a[n], unsigned n):
            // Copy data from the local array to the remote
            memcpy(a, data, n*sizeof(int));
            break;
    }
}
```